# TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Statement</u>					
LIS	ST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS	1			
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT					
MA	ANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS:	5-13			
1.	Statements of Net Position, Modified Cash Basis	14			
2.	Statements of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	15			
3.	Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	16			
4.	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	17			
5.	Statements of Net Position- Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	18			
6.	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	19			
7.	Statement of Cash Flows – Modified Cash Basis – Proprietary Fund	20			
8.	Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Fiduciary Fund	21			
	Notes to Financial Statements	22-41			
SUI	PPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:				
9.	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Modified Cash Basis - General Fund	42-43			
10.	Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Modified Cash Basis – Special Revenue Fund	44			
11.	Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	45			

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

Statement		
INT	ERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE:	
12.	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Maters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	46-48
13.	Schedule of Findings	49-50

# TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

#### **Board of Trustees**

Mayor Joyce Mixon

Vice Mayor Justin Cruise

Member Adam Castillo

Member Eugene Elmore

Member Becky Smith

#### Town Clerk & Treasurer

Deborah Hemphill

#### **Town Attorney**

Ronald Lawson

#### KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

WEB: KERSHAWCPA.COM
E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM

607 NORTH 1<sup>ST</sup> STREET PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA 74601 PHONE (580) 762-1040 FAX (580) 762-1047

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Town of Shady Point, Oklahoma

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Shady Point, Oklahoma, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1. This includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of

#### KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

WEB: KERSHAWCPA.COM
E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM

607 NORTH 1<sup>51</sup> STREET PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA 74601 PHONE (580) 762-1040 FAX (580) 762-1047

accounting policies used, and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made, by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Shady Point, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### Other Matters

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the Town of Shady Point's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, introductory section and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, the introductory section, and the other supplementary information section listed in the accompanying table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on such information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2014, on our consideration of the Town of Shady Point's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report

#### KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

Web: KershawCPA.com e-mail: REK@KershawCPA.com 607 NORTH 1<sup>ST</sup> STREET PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA 74601 PHONE (580) 762-1040 FAX (580) 762-1047

is an integral part of an audit performed in compliance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Shady Point's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements that describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, P.C.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, PC

December 10, 2014

### TOWN OF SHADY POINT

P.O. Box 107 Shady Point, OK 74956

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Unaudited)

Our discussion and analysis of the Town of Shady Point's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, within the limitations of the Town's modified cash basis of accounting. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements that begin on page 14.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The Town's total revenues exceeded total expenses, on the modified cash basis of accounting, by \$646 for the year, resulting in an increase in total net position of .07 percent over the previous year.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report is presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the Town's modified cash basis of accounting.

**Report Components** This annual report consists of five parts as follows:

Government-Wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 14-15) provide information about the activities of the Town government-wide (or "as a whole") and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements (starting on page 16) focus on the individual parts of the Town government. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant ("major") funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. For proprietary activities, these statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the Town operates like businesses, such as electric, water, sewer and sanitation services.

# TOWN OF SHADY POINT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PAGE 2 (Unaudited)

**Notes to the Financial Statements:** The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the government-wide and fund financial statements and provide expanded explanation and detail regarding the information reported in the statements.

**Supplementary Information:** This Management's Discussion and Analysis and (*starting on page 42*) Governmental Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules represent financial information to provide users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

Other Supplementary Information: Currently the Town does not have any other supplementary information to include. This part of the annual report would normally include optional financial information such as combining statements for nonmajor funds (which are added together and shown in the fund financial statements in a single column. This other supplemental financial information is provided to address certain specific needs of various users of the Town's annual report.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Town has elected to present its financial statements on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as the timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and their related assets and liabilities. Under the Town's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from cash transactions, except for the recording of depreciation expense on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for proprietary fund activities.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PAGE 3 (Unaudited)

#### Reporting the Town as a Whole

#### The Town's Reporting Entity Presentation

This annual report includes all activities for which the Town of Shady Point Council is fiscally responsible. These activities, defined as the Town's reporting entity, are operated within separate legal entities that make up the primary government and other legal entity that is included as a component unit.

The primary government includes the following legal entities:

- The Town of Shady Point
- Shady Point Public Works Authority

#### The Government-Wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our financial analysis of the Town as a whole begins on page 9. The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 14 through 15. One of the most important questions asked about the Town's finances is, "Is the Town as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all of the Town's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

These two statements report the Town's net position and changes in them. Keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, you can think of the Town's net position—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure the Town's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's sales tax base and the condition of the Town's roads, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Town into two kinds of activities:

Governmental activities. Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, general administration, streets. Sales taxes, franchise fees, fines, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Business-type activities. The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The Town's sewer system operations are reported here.

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 4 (Unaudited)

#### Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

The Fund Financial Statements—our analysis of the Town's major funds begins on page 11. The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the Town Council establishes certain other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The Town's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds—Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds report the acquisition of capital assets and payments for debt principal as expenditures and not as changes to asset and debt balances. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine (through a review of changes to fund balance) whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the each fund financial statement. The Town considers the General Fund and the Street Utility Sales Tax Fund to be significant or major governmental funds. All other governmental funds are aggregated in a single column entitled nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds—When the Town charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. For example, proprietary fund capital assets are capitalized and depreciated and principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as a reduction to the liability. In fact, the Town's proprietary (enterprise) fund financial statements are essentially the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The Town only has one enterprise fund—the Public Works Authority Utilities Fund.

*Fiduciary funds*— Normally are used to account for assets that are held in a trustee or fiduciary capacity such as utility deposits, pension plan assets, assets held per trust agreements, and similar arrangements.

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 5 (Unaudited)

#### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

#### Net Position—Modified Cash Basis

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT'S NET POSITION

	Governmental	Activities	Business-type Activities		Total	
	2014	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Current and other assets	85,222	68,995	31,495	30,239	116,717	99,234
Capital Assets	168,670	175,143	925,734	964,856	1,094,404	1,139,999
Total Assets	253,892	244,138	957,229	995,095	1,211,121	1,239,233
Long term liabilities	29,772	44,117	301,601	309,474	331,373	353,591
Other liabilities	954	1,473	0	0	954	1,473
Total Liabilities	30,726	45,590	301,601	309,474	332,327	355,064
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets,						
net of related debt	138,898	131,026	624,133	655,382	763,031	786,408
Restricted	12,220	17,148	28,152	26,584	40,372	43,732
Unrestricted	72,048	50,374	3,327	(2,382)	75,375	47,992
Total Net Position	223,166	198,548	655,612	679,584	878,778	878,132

The Town's combined net position, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, decreased from \$878,132 to \$878,778 between fiscal years 2013 and 2014. Looking at the net position and net expenses of governmental and business-type activities separately, governmental activities had an increase of \$24,618 and business-type activities decreased by \$23,972.

Net position of the Town's governmental activities increased to \$223,166. However, \$151,118 of those net position either are restricted as to the purposes they can be used for or are invested in capital assets (buildings, roads, bridges, and so on). Consequently, unrestricted net position was only \$72,048 at the end of this year. Equally the net position of the Town's business- type activities decreased to \$655,612. However, \$652,285 of that net position either are restricted as to the purposes they can be used for or are invested in capital assets (buildings, sewer, and so on). Consequently, unrestricted net position was \$3,327 at the end of this year.

# TOWN OF SHADY POINT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PAGE 6 (Unaudited)

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	Business-type Activities		<u>Total</u>	
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	2013	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Fees, fines and							
charges for services	56,791	58,191	69,983	69,087	126,774	127,278	
Operating grants	50,771	50,171	07,703	07,007	120,774	141,410	
and contributions	4,474	4,484	-	816	4,474	5,300	
Capital grants	7,77	7,707	-	010	77,77 7 7	5,500	
and contributions	_	_	_				
General revenues:				_	<del></del>	-	
Sales tax	93,635	82,774	_	_	93,635	82,774	
Use tax	9,518	8,376	-	_	9,518	8,376	
Franchise tax	23,409	22,045	_	_	23,409	22,045	
Cigarette tax	1,094	1,073	_	_	1,094	1,073	
Intergovt. Revenue	17,927	17,914	_	_	17,927	17,914	
Investment earnings	133	94	78	86	211	180	
Gain on sale of assets	4,812	2,693	(3,764)	2,550	1,048	5,243	
Miscellaneous	7,575	8,181	2,475	1,720	10,050	9,901	
Total revenues	219,368	205,825	68,772	74,259	288,140	280,084	
Expenses:							
General government							
and administration	54,104	58,651	•	_	54,104	58,651	
Public safety	122,620	144,927	-	-	122,620	144,927	
Transportation	12,483	5,485	_	-	12,483	5,485	
Sewer			98,288	122,330	98,288	122,330	
Total expenses	189,206	209,063	98,288	122,330	287,494	331,393	
Increases in net position							
before transfers	30,162	(3,238)	(29,516)	(48,071)	646	(51,309)	
Transfers	(5,544)	(3,544)	5,544	3,544		_	
Net position - July 1	198,548	205,330	679,584	724,111	878,132	929,441	
Net position - June 30	223,166	198,548	655,612	679,584	878,778	878,132	

#### **Governmental Activities**

To aid in the understanding of the Statement of Activities, some additional explanation is given. Of particular interest is the format that is significantly different from a typical Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balance. You will notice that expenses are listed in the first column, with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is a Net (Expense)/Revenue. This type of format highlights the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the Town's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general revenues or if it is self-financing through fees and grants or contributions. All other governmental revenues are reported as general. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general revenue, even if restricted for a specific purpose.

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

PAGE 7 (Unaudited)

For the year ended June 30, 2014, total expenses for governmental activities, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, amounted to \$189,206. Of these total expenses, taxpayers and other general revenues funded \$152,559, while those directly benefiting from the program funded \$56,791 from charges for services and \$4,474 was funded by grants.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The sewer service activities reported net (expense) of \$(23,972). The sewer department is burdened with interest expense of \$15,119 and depreciation expense of approximately \$43,474. From a cash flow view there is little room for operation increases or additional capital improvements.

#### A FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

Certain funds experienced noteworthy changes from the prior year and are highlighted as follows:

- On the modified cash basis of accounting, the General Fund reported revenues, and net transfers of \$185,408 and expenditures of \$163,737 resulting in an increase in fund balance of \$21,671.
- There were increases in sales tax and other revenues of \$20,541. The general fund expenditures decreased over the prior year by \$6,619.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the Town Council revised the General Fund budget at various times. The final adjusted budget, however, was consistent with the original budget and the prior year actual. There were increases in the current year budgeted amounts for street of approximately \$8,150. For the year ended June 30, 2014, General Fund expenditures were \$49,374 under final appropriations, while actual resources available for appropriation were \$10,986 under the final budgeted amount.

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 8 (Unaudited)

#### CAPTIAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets—Modified Cash Basis

At June 30, 2014, the Town had \$168,670 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including police and fire equipment, buildings, and park facilities. This represents a net decrease of \$6,473, or 3.70 percent, under last year. The Public Works Authority had \$925,734 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation including the sewer systems and buildings. This represents a net decrease of \$39,122 or 4.05 percent, under last year.

This year's more significant capital assets additions include:

General Fund - Police - 2006 Chevy Trail Balzer General Fund - Police - Lights for 2006 Chevy Trail Balzer General Fund - Street - 2014 Land Pride Rotary Cutter General Fund - General Govt - 5 Ton Rheem Heat & AC	\$ 6,274 3,290 1,895 4,200
Fire Fund - Fire Truck Equipment	6,018
PWA - Pumps for Lift Station PWA - 3 Lifting Arms	6,285 1,831

#### Capital Assets at Year-end Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Land	14,500	14,500	32,000	32,000	46,500	46,500
Buildings	95,059	94,918	71,739	75,002	166,798	169,920
Vehicles	37,352	42,786	0	0	37,352	42,786
Machinery & Equipment	21,759	22,939	18,706	17,490	40,465	40,429
Utility property & improvements	0	0	803,289	840,364	803,289	840,364
Total	168,670	175,143	925,734	964,856	1,094,404	1,139,999

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS PAGE 9 (Unaudited)

#### Long-Term Debt—Modified Cash Basis

At June 30, 2014, the Town had \$331,373 in long term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions compared to \$353,591 at June 30, 2013. At June 30, 2014, \$29,772 of the debt is related to governmental activities and \$301,601 is related to business-type activities. (See table below). The overall decrease in debt is 6.28 percent of the prior year balance. See the notes to financial statements (Note 2.D.) for future debt service and debt service requirements.

#### Primary Government Long-Term Debt -- Modified Cash Basis

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Governmental debt: Lease purchase First National Bank Lease purchase First National Bank & Trust Lease purchase Digital Ally Total governmental debt	\$ 4,002 36,601 3,514 \$ 44,117	\$ - 27,849 1,923 \$ 29,772
Business-type debt: Rural Development Total business-type debt Total all debt	309,474 309,474 \$ 353,591	301,601 301,601 \$ 331,373

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

For the upcoming fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the Town's budget is fairly consistent with this year.

#### CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Clerk's office at 22714 Wiles Street, Shady Point, Oklahoma or telephone at (918) 963-4214.

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS JUNE 30, 2014

Governmental Business-Type	rotal (
	CULAI
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash, and cash equivalents \$79,689 \$3,343	\$83,032
Due from other funds 5,533	5,533
Total current assets 85,222 3,343	88,565
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 28,152	28,152
Capital assets (Note 2.C.):	,
Land 14,500 32,000	46,500
Other capital assets, net of accumulated 154,170 893,734 1	,047,904
	,122,556
Total Assets 253,892 957,229 1	,211,121
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Payroli taxes payable 954	954
Due to other funds 16	16
Due within one year 11,109 8,096	19,205
Total current liabilities 12,063 8,112	20,175
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Long term liabilities (Note 2.D.) 18,663	18,663
Notes payable 293,505	293,505
Total noncurrent liabilities 18,663 293,505	312,168
Total Liabilities 30,726 301,617	332,343
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets 138,898 624,133	763,031
Restricted for:	, ,
Fire Department 12,220	12,220
Debt service 28,152	28,152
Unrestricted 72,048 3,327	75,375
Total Net Position \$223,166 \$655,612 \$	878,778

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES-MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions I  Primary Government:	Net Expense)/ Revenue
Functions/Programs Expenses Charges for Grants and Grants and Services Contributions Contributions Functions Government:	
Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions I  Primary Government:	
Governmental Activities	
General Government:	
General Government \$54,104	(54,104)
Total general government 54,104 0 0	(54,104)
Public Safety:	
Police 86,561 56,791	(29,770)
Fire 36,059 4,474	(31,585)
Total Public safety 122,620 56,791 4,474 0	(61,355)
Transportation:	
Streets 12,483	(12,483)
Total transportation 12,483 0 0 0	(12,483)
	(12,100)
Total governmental activities 189,206 56,791 4,474 0	(127,941)
Business-type activities:	
Sewer 98,288 69,983	(28,305)
Total business-type activities 98,288 69,983 0 0	(28,305)
Total \$287,494 \$126,774 \$4,474 \$0 (	\$156,246)
	<del></del>
Changes in Net Position	
Governmental Business-Type	Total
	\$156,246)
General revenues:	·
Taxes:	
Sales Tax 93,635	93,635
Use Tax 9,518	9,518
Franchise and public service taxes 23,409	23,409
Cigarette Tax 1,094	1,094
Intergovernmental revenue not restricted to specific programs 17,927	17,927
Interest income 133 78	211
Gain (Loss) on sale of assets 4,812 (3,764)	1,048
Miscellaneous 7,575 2,475	10,050
Transfers internal activity (5,544) 5,544	0
Total general revenues and transfers 152,559 4,333	156,892
Change in net position 24,618 (23,972)	646
Net position-beginning 198,548 679,584	878,132
Net position- ending \$223,166 \$655,612 \$	878,778

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA BALANCE SHEET -- MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

Due from other funds Total current assets Total Current assets Total Assets Tot	ntal
Due from other funds Total current assets Total Current assets Total Assets Total Assets Total Current assets Total Cur	
Total current assets         71,663         12,220         1,339         \$85,           Total Assets         71,663         12,220         1,339         85,           LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES           Liabilities:         Payroll taxes payable         954           Due to other funds         954	,689
Total Assets 71,663 12,220 1,339 85,  LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities: Payroll taxes payable 954 Due to other funds	533
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES  Liabilities: Payroll taxes payable Due to other funds	,222
Liabilities: Payroll taxes payable Due to other funds	222
Payroll taxes payable 954 Due to other funds	
Due to other funds	
	954
	0
Total Liabilities 954 0 0	954
Fund Balances:	
Restricted for:	
Fire Department 12,220 12,	220
	339
** * *	709
70 173 175 1	268
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances \$71,663 \$12,220 \$1,339	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities of \$ 642,742 net of accumulated depreciation of \$ 474,072 are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in funds	570
Some liabilities, including capital debt obligations payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	172)
Net position of governmental activities \$223,1	66

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	General Fund	Fire Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	·			
Taxes	98,178	29,478		127,656
Intergovernmental	17,927	4,474		22,401
Fines and forfeitures	56,791			56,791
Interest income	130		3	133
Miscellaneous	12,088	300		12,388
Total Revenues	185,114	34,252	3	219,369
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government:				
General Government	51,570			51,570
Public Safety:				,
Police	78,430			78,430
Fire		16,824		16,824
Street and Public Works:				,
Streets	12,113			12,113
Capital Outlay	15,659	6,018		21,677
Debt Service	5,965	10,500		16,465
Total Expenditures	163,737	33,342	0 3	197,079
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	21,377	910	3	22,290
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	2,400			2,400
Capital lease proceeds	,			0
Transfers out	(2,106)	(5,838)		(7,944)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	294	(5,838)	0	(5,544)
Net change in fund balances	21,671	(4,928)	3	16,746
Fund balances - beginning	49,038	17,148	1,336	67,522
Fund balances - ending	70,709	12,220	1,339	84,268
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:				
Net change in fund balances -total governmental funds				\$16,746
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Stat	ement of Activities a	re different because	;	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expendi report depreciation expense to allocate those expen Capital asset purchases capitalized				21,677
Depreciation expense				(28,150)
Debt service payments are not considered expenditure	es in the governmenta	al activities report		14,345
	·	•		7,872
Chan	ge in Net Position of	Governmental Acti	vities	\$24,618

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2014

	Shady Point Public Works Authority
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash, and cash equivalents	\$3,343
Total current assets	3,343
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	28,152
Capital Assets	
Land	32,000
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	893,734
Total noncurrent assets	953,886
Total Assets	957,229
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Due to other funds	16
Long Term Liabilities - current portion	8,096
Total current liabilities	8,112
Noncurrent Liabilities;	
Long Term Liabilities - long term portion	293,505
Total noncurrent liabilities	293,505
Total Liabilities	301,617
NET POSITION	·
Nist investment in a with 1 and 2	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service	624,133
Unrestricted	28,152
Total net position	3,327 \$ 655,612
10 mil 1101 Poprisoti	\$ 055,012

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Shady Point Public Works Authority	
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for services:		
Sewer charges	\$ 69,2	83
New user tap fees	7	00
Miscellaneous	2,4	75_
Total Operating Revenues	72,4	58
Operating Expenses:		
Sewer operations	39,6	95
Depreciation	43,4	74
Total Operating Expenses	83,1	-
Net Operating Income (Loss)	(10,7	11)
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense):		
Investment income		78
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(3,7	64)
Interest expense and fiscal agent fees	(15,1	•
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)	(18,8)	***************************************
Net Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	(29,5	16)
Transfers In	5,54	44
Transfers Out	-	0
Changes in net position	(23,97)	72)
Total Net Position-Beginning	679,58	84
Total Net Position-Ending	\$655,61	12

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUND

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Shady Point Public Works
	<u>Authority</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$72,458
Payments to suppliers	(39,695)
Payments to employees	0
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	32,763
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Decrease in due to other funds	(6,021)
Transfers from other funds	5,544
Transfers to other funds	0
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(477)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Purchases of capital assets	(8,116)
Principal paid on capital debit	(7,873)
Interest and fiscal agent fees paid on capital debit	(15,119)
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(31,108)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest and dividends	78
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	78
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivelents	1,256
Balance- beginning of the year	30,239
Balance- end of the year	\$31,495
Deconciliation of anomating income (loss) to not each avoided	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Operating activities.  Operating income (loss)	(010.711)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided	(\$10,711)
(used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	<i>ለ</i> ጋ <i>አ</i> ሟላ
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$32,763
1.00 cash provided of operating don't too	\$32,703

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2014

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash, and cash equivalents Total assets	\$5,626 \$5,626
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Governments Due to General Total liabilities	\$109 5,517 \$5,626

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.C, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. This modified basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the Town are described below.

#### 1.A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Town's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government: Component Units: Town of Shady Point

Shady Point Public Works Authority

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Town complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*.

#### **BLENDED COMPONENT UNIT**

A blended component unit is a separate legal entity that meets the component unit criteria. In addition, the blended component unit's governing body is the same or substantially the same as the Town Council or the component unit provides services entirely to the Town. The component unit's funds are blended into those of the Town by appropriate fund type to constitute the primary government presentation. The blended component unit is presented below:

Component Unit	Brief Description/Inclusion Criteria	Criteria Fund Included In		
Shady Point Public Works Authority	Created February 8, 1972 to finance, develop, construct, plan, establish, install, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, operate, control and regulate utility facilities whether water, sewage, garbage, trash disposal, recreation and industrial facilities, or other forms or types of public and municipal services within or without the corporate boundaries of the Town of Shady Point.	PWA Enterprise Fund		

The component units do not issue separately audited component unit financial statements.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### 1.B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties of goods or services.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and proprietary. The Town presently has two fiduciary funds that account for municipal court bonds and utility customer deposits. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Town or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

#### **Governmental Funds**

#### General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Town and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Town. Current major special revenue funds are reported as follows:

Fund	Brief Description
Fire Fund	Accounts for the receipt of local tax revenues and fire runs used to provide fire protection services.

#### Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds area used to account for resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity presently includes no capital project fund.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

#### Enterprise Fund

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges, and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The reporting entity includes the following blended component unit enterprise fund that is reported as follows:

Fund	Brief Description
Shady Point Public Works Authority	Accounts for the activities of the public trust in providing wastewater services to the public.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types (not included in government-wide statements)

#### Agency Funds

Agency Funds account for assets held by the Town in a custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes the Municipal Court Fund used to account for court bonds and fees due to other governments. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e. assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### 1.C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS ON BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### **MEASUREMENT FOCUS**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined in item b below.

In the funds financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus, as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent, financial, or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental, business-like, and each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide statements, proprietary fund statements. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Town utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financials would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

#### 1.D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

#### **CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

For the purpose of financial reporting "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments. Trust account investments in open-ended mutual funds shares are also considered cash equivalents.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The Town's modified cash basis of accounting reports capital assets resulting from cash transactions and reports depreciation where appropriate. The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund and similar discretely presented component unit operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions are accounted for as assets in the Statement of Net Position. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003. Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since July 1, 2003 are recorded at cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets arising from cash transactions is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The threshold of \$1,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Land	N/A
Buildings	40 years
Equipment	5-20 years
Utility property and improvements	10-50 years
Infrastructure	25-50 years

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from cash transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets acquired for use in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT**

All long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements.

Long-term debt arising from cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund financial statements as the treatment in the government-wide statements.

#### **EQUITY CLASSIFICATION**

#### Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets and adjusted for any deferred inflows and outflows of resources attributable to capital assets and related debt.
- b. Restricted Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows or resources related to those assets, with restriction constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

c. Unrestricted – Net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment of capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

It is the Town's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

#### 1. E. REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXPENSES

#### **PROGRAM REVENUES**

In the Statement of Activities, modified cash basis revenues that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the Town's taxpayers are reported as program revenues. The Town has the following program revenues in each activity:

Public Safety Fine revenue and Fire run revenue; operating and capital grants,

animal control licenses.

Transportation Streets commercial vehicle and gasoline excise tax shared by the State

All other governmental revenues are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

#### **OPERATING REVENUE AND EXPENSES**

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. They also include all revenues and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

#### 1.F. INTERNAL AND INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

See Note 2.E. for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Interfund activity, if any, within and among the governmental and proprietary fund categories is reported as follows in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Interfund loans—Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds". Short term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivable s and payables." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds."
- 2. Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.
- 3. Interfund services—Sales or purchases of goods and services between funds are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses.
- 4. Interfund reimbursements—Repayments from funds responsible for certain expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not reported as reimbursements but as adjustments to expenditures/expenses in the respective funds.
- 5. Interfund transfers—Flow of assets from one fund to another where repayment is not expected are reported as transfers in and out.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Interfund activity and balances, if any, are eliminated or reclassified in the government-wide financial statements as follows:

- 1. Internal balances—Amounts reported in the fund financial statements as interfund receivables and payables are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Internal Balances.
- 2. Internal activities—Amounts reported as interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are eliminated in the government-wide Statement of Activities except for the net amount of transfers between governmental and business-type activities, which are reported as Transfers--Internal Activities. The effects of interfund services between funds, if any, are not eliminated in the Statement of Activities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

3. Primary government and component unit activity and balances—Resource flows between the primary government (the Town and Municipal Improvement Authority) are reported as if they were external transactions and are classified separately from internal balances and activities within the primary government.

#### 1.G. FUND EQUITY

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (Such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;

Committed fund balance — amounts constrained to specific purposed by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;

Assigned fund balance – amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Town Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt services, or for other purposes).

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### 1.H. USE OF STATEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the other comprehensive basis of accounting (OCBOA) used by the Town requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures (such as estimated useful lives in determining depreciation expense); accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2. DETAIL NOTES—TRANSACTIONS CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detail information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for its various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

#### 2.A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### **CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK-DEPOSITS**

The table presented below is designed to disclose the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the Town based upon how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at June 30, 2014. The comparison relates to the primary government only. The categories of custodial credit risk are defined as follows:

Category 1	or by its agent in its name.
Category 2-	Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.
Category 3	Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent but not in the Town's name; or properly collateralized with no written and approved collateral agreement.

#### **Primary Government**

Custody Credii Risk Category

Type of Deposits	Balance	Total Bank	2	3	
Insured deposits	122,204	122,204	_	_	
Uninsured deposits Collateralized Uncollateralized	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	
					Total Carrying Value
Total Deposits	122,204	122,204	**	-	116.810 116.810
Reconciliation to Gov	emment-Wide S	tatements of N	et Position:		
	Cash and cash	equivalents			81.693
	Restricted cas	h and cash oqui	ivalents		29,491
		eash, including i in governmen		nt)	5,626
					116,810

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### 2.B. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The amounts reported as restricted assets are composed of amounts held by the Municipal Authority for Rural Development loan requirements (held in reserve with the exception that funds may be expended for system repair and maintenance upon Rural Development approval) of \$28,152.

#### 2.C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity, resulting from modified cash basis transactions, for the fiscal year.

year.				
	Balance at			Balance at
	July 1, 2013	<u>Additions</u>	<b>Deductions</b>	June 30, 2014
Governmental activities:			-,	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	14,500	0	0	14,500
Total capital assets not being depreciated	14,500	0	0	14,500
Other capital assets:			······································	
Buildings	159,486	4,200	0	163,686
Vehicles	247,362	12,292	(3,300)	256,354
Machinery and equipment	210,517	5,185	(7,500)	208,202
Total other capital assets at historical cost	617,365	21,677	(10,800)	628,242
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	64,568	4,059	0	68,627
Vehicles	204,576	14,426	ō	219,002
Machinery and equipment	187,578	9,665	(10,800)	186,443
Total accumulated depreciation	456,722	28,150	(10,800)	474,072
Other capital assets, net	160,643	(6,473)	0	154,170
Governmental activities capital assets, net	175,143	(6,473)	0	168,670
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:		_		
Land	32,000	<u> </u>	O	32,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	32,000	0	0	32,000
Other capital assets:				
Buildings	130,504	0	0	130,504
Vehicles	0	0	0	0
Machinery and equipment	48,142	8,116	(27,202)	29,056
Utility property & improvements	1,482,996	0	0	1,482,996
Total other capital assets at historical cost	1,661,642	8,116	(27,202)	1,642,556
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	55,502	3,263	0	58,765
Vehicles	0	0	0	0
Machinery and equipment	30,652	3,136	(23,438)	10,350
Utility property & improvements	642,632	<u>37,075</u>	0	679,707
Total accumulated depreciation	728,786	43,474	(23,438)	748,822
Other capital assets, net	932,856	(35,358)	(3,764)	893,734
Business-type activities capital assets, net	964,856	(35,358)	(3,764)	925,734

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Primary Government	
Government Activities:	
General Government	2,533
Police	7,760
Street	370
Fire	17,487
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities	28,150
Business-Type Activities:	
Sewer	43,474
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities	43,474

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### 2.D. LONG-TERM DEBT

The reporting entity's long-term debt arising from cash transactions is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

As of June 30, 2014, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions, payable from governmental fund resources consisted of the following:

#### Lease Purchase Obligations:

Digital Ally 9.24% interest with 48 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$249 due August 1, 2015, by 3 DMV500 Cameras Scheduled debt service payments in the General Fund Police Department.	1,923
First National Bank & Trust 5.55% interest with 120 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$875 due June 1, 2017, by 2007 Ford F-550 Rescue Truck. Scheduled debt service payments in the Fire Fund.	e <u>27,849</u>
Total Lease Purchases Outstanding	\$ <u>29,772</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total Leases Payable	\$ 11,109

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

As of June 30, 2014, the long-term debt, arising from cash transactions, payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

#### Notes Payable:

Note due to Rural Development in the amount of \$304,500 with 5% interest and 480 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$1,496 due June 2035.

\$ 231,788

The note is collateralized by a mortgage on the Shady Point Public Works Authority's sewer system and a first lien on and pledge of the revenues produced.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Note due to Rural Development in the amount of \$90,000 with a fixed interest rate of 4.7 5% with 480 monthly payments of principal and interest of \$420 due March 2038. The note is for the purpose of providing a portion of the cost of acquiring and constructing of Shady Point community facility.

69,813

The note is collateralized by a mortgage on the Shady Point Public Works Authority's community facility and a first lien on and pledge of the revenues produced.

Total Notes Payable Outstanding	\$ <u>301,601</u>
Current portion	\$ 8,096
Non-current portion Total Notes Payable	293,505 \$ 301,601

#### **CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

Type of Debt	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2014	Amount Due Within One Year
Government Activities: Capital Debt Obligations	44,117	0	14,345	29,772	11,109
Business-Type Activities: Notes Payable	309,474	0	7,873	301,601	8,096
Total Business-Type Activities:	353,591	0	22,218	331,373	19,205

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for long-term debt as of June 30, 2014, are as follows:

Year Ended	Capital Debt Obligations		Notes & Revenue Bonds Payab	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2015	11,108.93	1,386.43	8,095.80	14,896.20
2016	9,709.07	791.29	8,509.97	14,482.03
2017	8,953.95	238.51	8,945.38	14,046.62
2018	0.00	0.00	9,403.04	13,588.96
2019	0.00	0.00	9,884.12	13,107.88
2020-2024	0.00	0.00	57,543.60	57,416.40
2025-2029	0.00	0.00	73,849.13	41,110.87
2030-2034	0.00	0.00	94,774.90	20,185.10
2035-2038	0.00	0.00	30,595.35	1,893.59
Total	29,771.95	2,416.23	301,601.29	190,727.65
				·

#### DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE AND RESERVE REQUIREMENT

In accordance with Rural Development loan requirements - Cash and investments are held in a project fund account within the Shady Point Public Works Authority. All such funds are held in reserve with the exception that funds may be expended for system repair and maintenance upon Rural Development approval. Currently, deposits of \$150 and \$42 a month are required until a balance of \$17,955 and \$9,000 is obtained. Also, a replacement account was set up in September 2005 to have cash on hand for emergency repairs. A dollar per sewer customer was added to the customer's bill and approximately \$300 per month is deposited into this account. Such cash and investments are reflected as restricted assets in the financial statements.

	Balance 7/1/2013	Reserve Additions	Interest	Reserve Deductions	Balance 6/30/2014
Reserve Account	21,460	2,299	57	0	23,816
Replacement Account	5,124	3,600	7	(4,395)	4,336
Total Restricted Cash	26,584	5,899	64	(4,395)	28,152

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### 2.E. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

#### **INTERFUND BALANCE**

Balances due from and due to as of the year ended 6-30-2014 consist of \$5,517 due from Agency Fund to General Fund and \$16 due from Public Works Authority to General fund.

#### **INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Transfers between funds of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2014, were as follows:

MAJOR FUNDS:	TRANSFERS IN	TRANSFERS OUT
GENERAL:		
Fire Fund	2,400	
Shady Point Municipal Improvement Authority		2,106
Total General	2,400	2,106
SPECIAL REVENUE:		
Fire:		
General Fund		3,438
Shady Point Municipal Improvement Authority		2,400
Total Special Revenue	0	5,838
ENTERPRISE FUNDS:		
Shady Point Municipal Improvement Authority:		
General Fund	2,106	
Fire Fund	3,438	
Total Enterprise Funds	5,544	0
GRAND TOTALS	7,944	7,944

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE 3. OTHER NOTES

#### 3. A. GRANTS AND CONTRACTS

<u>Rural Fire Defense Grant</u> - The Town received a grant of \$4,474 from the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture Forestry Services for a fire calls.

#### 3.B. COUNTY FIRE DEPARTMENT SALES TAX REVENUE

The LeFlore County Board of Commissioners passed a resolution assessing a .25% sales tax for the benefit of the LeFlore County Fire Departments. The County began collecting the funds July 1, 2011 and remitting monthly into the funds designated by each County Fire Department and maintained under custody and control of the County Treasurer. In accordance with the resolution the funds can generally be used for construction and improvements, various approved equipment, fire training safety and education, and general maintenance and operation of the department. For the period beginning July 1, 2013 thru June 30, 2014 the Town of Shady Point Fire Department had a beginning balance of \$26,402.35, the department has been appropriated \$28,323.19 for its benefit, received other income of \$20,000.00 and has expended \$24,261.01 leaving a balance of \$50,464.53 for future use. Funds requested must be used in accordance with County purchasing policies and procedures as outlined in the resolution.

#### 3.C. EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

#### FIREFIGHTER'S PENSION AND RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Volunteer firemen of the Town of Shady Point, Oklahoma, participate in the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System. The plan covers all volunteer fireman hired before age 45 if they are working in a participating municipality. These firemen are not paid a salary.

A. Eligibility Factors, Contribution Methods, and Benefit Provisions

Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System

Obtaining separately issued financial statements

Firefighters Pension & Retirement

4545 N. Lincoln Blvd.

Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414

Eligibility to participate

All full-time or voluntary firefighters of a participating municipality and hired before age 45.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Authority establishing contribution

obligations and benefits State Statute

Employee's contribution rate N/A

Town's contribution rate (\$60 per volunteer) \$60

State obligation State appropriation to fund the

unfunded actuarial accrued liability

Period required to vest 20 years of service

Eligibility and benefits for distribution

(full-time) 20 years credited service, 2 ½% of

Final average salary multiplied by the years of credited service with a maximum of 30 years considered; if vested; at or after age 50, or after 10 but before 20 years of credited service, with reduced benefits.

Eligibility and benefits for distribution

(volunteer) 20 years credited service equal to

\$5.46 per month per year of service,

with a maximum of 30 years

considered.

Deferred retirement option Yes, 20 years credited with

continued service for a maximum

of 30 or more years

Provisions for:

Cost of living adjustments Yes, if vested by 5/83

(normal retirement)

Provisions for:

Death (duty, non-duty, post retirement)

Disability (duty, non-duty)

Cost of living allowances

Yes

#### **Contributions and Trend Information**

Contributions required by State Statute:

Fiscal	Required	Percent
Year	Contribution	Contributed
2012	\$ 840	100%
2013	1,680	100%
2014	900	100%

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

Trend information showing progress of the Systems in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in their respective separate annual financial reports.

#### **Related-Party Investments**

As of June 30, 2014, the System held no related-party investments of the Town or of its component units.

#### 3.D. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; employee's health and life; and natural disasters.

The Town manages these various risks of loss as follows:

Type of Loss	Method Managed	Risk Retained
a. Torts, errors and omissions	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group	(1)
b. Injuries to employees (workers' compensation)	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group	(1)
c. Physical property loss and natural disasters	Purchased insurance with Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group and Fire Dept. Building and Equipment with Risk Management Division	(1)
d. Health and life	Participates in the Oklahoma State Education Employee Group Insurance Board	None

(1) The Town participates in the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group Liability Protection Plan and Life and Health Benefit Plan (risk entity pools).

Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Town. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### 3.E. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **COMMITMENTS**

At June 30, 2014, the Town had an unrecorded commitment for earned but unused vacation and compensatory time leave benefits that would require payment upon employee termination of service.

The compensated absences commitment of \$704 at June 30, 2014, can be summarized as follows:

**Town** \$ 704

Vacation

#### **CONTINGENCIES**

#### **Grant Program Involvement**

In the normal course of operations, the Town participates in various federal or state grant/loan programs from year to year. The grant/loan programs are often subject to additional audits by agents of the granting or loaning agency, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with the specific conditions of the grant or loan. Any liability of reimbursement that may arise as a result of these audits cannot be reasonably determined at this time, although it is believed the amount, if any, would not be material.

#### Litigation

The financial statements do not include accrual or provision for loss contingencies resulting from litigation. Under applicable Oklahoma statutes, such judgments may become liabilities only of the Debt Service Fund and only in the year in which tax revenue is specifically assessed for payment of the claim, and only to the extent of the taxes so specifically assessed in that year. Such claims are generally paid through special tax assessments over a three-year period.

Accordingly, the Town believes that such claims should be recorded in the year in which taxes are assessed for payment on the claim, only to the extent of such tax revenue that is actually provided. This method is preferable to the conflicting rule for treatment of loss contingencies as set out in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.5 (issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board) wherein contingencies should be recorded in full in the year in which it is probable that a liability has been created if the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### 3.F. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town did not have any subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued, for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2014.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that provide users of this report with additional data that supplements the government-wide statements, fund financial statements, and notes (referred to as "the basic financial statements").

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	49,038	49,038	49,038	-	
Revenues:					
Taxes					
Sales tax	60,000	60,000	66,882	6,882	
Use tax	6,000	6,000	6,793	793	
Franchise tax	24,000	24,000	23,409	(591)	
Cigarette tax	1,000	1,000	1,094	94	
Total Taxes	91,000	91,000	98,178	7,178	
Intergovernmental:					
Alcoholic beverage tax	7,900	7,900	8,250	350	
Commercial vehicle tax	7,400	7,400	7,843	443	
Gasoline excise tax	2,100	2,100	1,834	(266)	
Total Intergovernmental	17,400	17,400	17,927	527	
Fines and forefeitures					
Court Fines	85,000	85,000	56,791	(28,209)	
Total Fines and Forfeitures	85,000	85,000	56,791	(28,209)	
Interest Income	200	200	130	(70)	
Miscellaneous:					
Misc. Revenue	2,500	2,500	12,088	9,588	
Total Miscellaneous	2,500	2,500	12,088	9,588	
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers from other funds	2,400	2,400	2,400	0	
Capital lease proceeds	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources	2,400	2,400	2,400	0	
Amounts available for appropriation	247,538	247,538	236,552	(10,986)	

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA BUDETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MODIFIED CASH BASIS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):			<del></del>	
General Government:				
Personal services	31,700	33,450	31,599	1,851
Materials and supplies	3,000	3,000	1,561	1,439
Other services and charges	30,175	28,425	18,410	10,015
Capital outlay	0_	0	4,200	(4,200)
Total General Government	64,875	64,875	55,770	9,105
Police:				
Personal services	83,200	75,675	47,294	28,381
Materials and supplies	9,400	12,200	10,985	1,215
Other services and charges	22,300	23,725	20,151	3,574
Capital outlay	0	3,300	9,564	(6,264)
Debt service	7,986	7,986	5,965	2,021
Total Police	122,886	122,886	93,959	28,927
Street:				
Personal services	11,650	0	0	0
Materials and supplies	3,000	7,000	4,438	2,562
Other services and charges	2,550	8,350	7,675	675
Capital outlay	0	10,000	1,895	8,105
Total Street	17,200	25,350	14,008	11,342
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers to other funds	2,106	2,106	2,106	0
Total Other Financing Sources	2,106	2,106	2,106	0
Total Charges to Appropriations	207,067	215,217	165,843	49,374
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	40,471	32,321	70,709	38,388

## TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
		GR	ANT FUND		
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	1,336	1,336	1,336	0	
Resources (Inflows):					
Taxes				0	
Intergovernmental			2	0	
Interest Income Miscellaneous			3	(3)	
Amounts available for appropriation	1,336	1 226	1 220	0	
Amounts available for appropriation	1,330	1,336	1,339	(3)	
Charges to appropriations (Outflows):					
Grant Fund:					
Capital Outlay				0	
Total Grant Fund	0	0	0	0	
Total Charges to Appropriations	0	0	0	0	
Ending Budetary Fund Balance	1,336	1,336	1,339	(3)	
	FIRE FUND				
	Budgeted	Amounte	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)	
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	17,148	17,148	17,148	0	
Resources (Inflows):					
Taxes	45,600	45,600	29,478	(16,122)	
Intergovernmental	4,400	4,400	4,474	74	
Miscellaneous	7,500	7,500	300	(7,200)	
Amounts available for appropriation	74,648	74,648	51,400	(23,248)	
Fire:			-		
Personal services	4,582	4,582	2,177	2,405	
Materials and supplies	5,800	5,800	1,921	3,879	
Other services and charges	24,500	25,900	12,726	13,174	
Capital Outlay	0	6,100	6,018	82	
Debt Service	29,700	22,200	10,500	11,700	
Transfers to other funds			5,838	0	
7D . 1 YD!	5,838	5,838			
Total Fire	70,420	70,420	39,180	31,240	
Total Fire  Total Charges to Appropriations					

#### TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE JUNE 30, 2014

#### **Budget Law**

The Town prepares its annual operating budget under the provisions of the Municipal Budget Act (the "Budget Act"). In accordance with those provisions, the following process is used to adopt the annual budget:

- a. Prior to June 1, the Mayor submits to the Town Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments. At least one public hearing must be held no later than 15 days prior to July 1.
- c. Subsequent to the public hearings but no later than seven days prior to July 1, the budget is adopted by resolution of the Town Council.
- d. The adopted budget is filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.
- The legal level of control at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is by department within a fund.

All transfers of appropriations between departments and supplemental appropriations require Town Council approval. The Mayor may transfer appropriations between object categories within a department without Town Council approval. Supplemental appropriations must also be filed with the Office of State Auditor and Inspector.

#### Basis of Accounting

The budget is prepared on the same modified cash basis of accounting as applied to the governmental funds in the basic financial statements. Revenues and expenditures are reported when they result from cash transactions.

#### KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

WEB: KERSHAWCPA.COM E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM 607 NORTH 1<sup>ST</sup> STREET PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA 74601 PHONE (580) 762-1040 FAX (580) 762-1047

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees
Town of Shady Point, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes, the modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Shady Point, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which were prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles, which collectively comprise the Town of Shady Point, Oklahoma's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2014.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Shady Point's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Shady Point's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Shady Point's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees. in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is а deficiency, or combination of deficiencies. internal control. such that in there reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected

#### KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

WEB: KERSHAWCPA.COM
E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM

607 North 1<sup>st</sup> Street Ponca City, Oklahoma 74601 Phone (580) 762-1040 Fax (580) 762-1047

and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings that we consider to be significant deficiencies. Those deficiencies are listed as Items 14-01 and 14-02.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Shady Point's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### Town of Shady Point's Response to Findings

Town of Shady Point's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. Town of Shady Point's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### Purpose of this Report

This report is intended solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of

#### KERSHAW CPA & ASSOCIATES, PC

5300 WEST OKMULGEE AVENUE MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA 74401 PHONE (918) 684-1040 FAX (918) 684-1041

WEB; KERSHAWCPA.COM
E-MAIL: REK@KERSHAWCPA.COM

607 NORTH 1<sup>ST</sup> STREET PONCA CITY, OKLAHOMA 74601 PHONE (580) 762-1040 FAX (580) 762-1047

that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, P.C.

Kershaw CPA & Associates, PC

December 10, 2014

## TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2014

#### INTERNAL CONTROL FINDINGS

#### Item 14-01 - Segregation of Duties

<u>Criteria</u> - The segregation of duties is important to have adequate control over financial assets.

<u>Condition</u> - The Town has the same employees performing work normally segregated between two or more employees, including receiving funds and posting those funds to the town's books. This is a repeat condition from the prior years.

<u>Cause</u> - The Town's small size limits the amount of staffing needed to properly segregate the clerk and treasurer functions.

<u>Effect</u> - The lack of segregation of duties could increase the risk that misstatements material to the financial statements could occur and not be detected within a timely manner.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The lack of segregation of duties is a common deficiency in Town's the size of Shady Point. The governing body should be aware of the increased risk and develop policies and procedures to reduce the effect of the internal control deficiency.

<u>Response</u> - The Board continues to be actively involved in the operations of the Town.

#### <u>Item 14-02 - Deposits</u>

<u>Criteria</u> - Daily bank deposits reduce the risk of lost or stolen cash on hand.

<u>Condition</u> - Cash receipts from some sources are not being deposited on a daily basis. During the current audit, it was noted that deposits of revenue and miscellaneous revenues continue to be held in some cases for extended periods.

<u>Cause</u> - The cost of fuel for going to the bank to make daily deposits is such that the Town is not cost effectively able to make daily deposits.

<u>Effect</u> - These conditions result in weakened control over cash receipts and could result in excess cash being maintained on-hand during the month.

# TOWN OF SHADY POINT, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2014

<u>Recommendation</u> - All cash receipts should be deposited daily and not retained on-site.

 $\underline{\textit{Response}}$  - At this time the Town is not able to cost effectively make such deposits.